

DWARAKA DOSS GOVERDHAN DOSS VAISHNAV COLLEGE

(Autonomous)

College with Potential for Excellence, Linguistic Minority Institution Affiliated to University of Madras Arumbakkam, Chennai – 600 106

COURSES RELEVANT TO ENVIRONMENT & SUSTAINABILITY

ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

PRINCIPAL



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PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

SUBJECT CODE-01623

Total hours-90 hrs Credits -5

Course Description-The course deals with the understanding of the resources available in the economy, utilization of the resources and measures for its sustainability.

UNIT-I

Economics and Environment – Definition and role of Environmental Economics – Scope and significance of Environmental economics – Ecology and Ecosystem – Relationship between the environment and the Economic system – Environment as a Resource – Environmental Quality.

UNIT - II

Resources – Concepts and definition – Classification of Resources – Renewable and non-renewable resources – Atomic Energy - Definition and meaning of Conservation of Resources – Material Substitution – Product Life Extension – Recycling – Waste reduction.

UNIT - III

Environmental Regulation in India - Evolution of environmental policy in India; Preservation and conservation of water resources - Air and water Acts; fiscal incentives; enforcement and implementation issues; emerging options - Eco-taxes and eco-subsidies; case studies on pollution control in India

UNIT - IV

Pollution as an Economic problem – Pollution Control – Optimum level – Moral suasion – Direct control – Regulation – Fiscal technique – Effluent charges and subsidies compared.

UNIT - V

International Environmental policy – Transfrontier pollution – International Agreements – Stockholm Conference on Human Environment – Recommendations – United Nations Conference on Environment and Development at Rio- De Janerio (Agenda 21, june,1992) – An assessment.

Recommended Texts:

- 1. Hanley, N., J.F. Shogren, and B. White, Environmental Economics: In Theory and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 2. Kolstad, C., Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 3. Conrad, J.M. and C. Clark, Natural Resource Economics Notes and Problems, Cambridge University Press, 1987.

- 4. Dasgupta, P.S. and G.M. Heal, Economic Theory and Exhaustible Resources, University Press (Selected chapters), 1979.
- 5. Bhattacharya, R.N. (2001), Environmental Economics An Indian Perspective, Oxford University Press, Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 1. Karpagam .M, Environmental Economics- A text book
- 2. Sankaran. S, Environmental Economics.
- 3. Pearce. G.W, Environmental Economics.
- 4. Joseph J.Sereca & Michaeal K.Taussing, Environmental Economics

Course Outcomes

| Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge and understanding of environmental economics |
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| Apply the principles, and identify environmental resources that are vital for economic development. |
| Ability to Analyze, interpret, and draw conclusions of environmental policy in India. |
| Capability to set up vision and mapping of tasks for pollution control, to prevent environmental degradation. |
| To understand the impact of economic policies in society and international environment in context to sustainable development, |
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Mapping of CO v/s PSO

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 | PSO6 | PSO7 |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|----------------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | $-\frac{3}{3}$ |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Correlation levels: 1- Weak 2-Medium 3-High



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SYLLABUS - ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Unit 1: Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Definition, scope and importance (2 lectures) Need for public awareness.

Unit 2: Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associated problems. a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people. b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems. c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. d) Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. f) Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. • Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. • Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. (8 lectures)

Unit 3: Ecosystems • Concept of an ecosystem. • Structure and function of an ecosystem. • Producers, consumers and decomposers. • Energy flow in the ecosystem. • Ecological succession. • Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. • Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem: - a. Forest ecosystem b. Grassland ecosystem c. Desert ecosystem d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) (6 lectures)

Unit 4: Biodiversity and its conservation • Introduction – Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. • Biogeographical classification of India • Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values • Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. • Inida as a mega-diversity nation V • Hot-sports of biodiversity. • Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife,

man-wildlife conflicts. • Endangered and endemic species of India • Conservation of biodiversity : In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. (8 lectures)

Unit 5: Environmental Pollution Definition • Cause, effects and control measures of :- a. Air pollution b. Water pollution c. Soil pollution d. Marine pollution e. Noise pollution f. Thermal pollution g. Nuclear hazards • Solid waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. • Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. • Pollution case studies. • Diaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. (8 lectures)

Unit 6: Social Issues and the Environment • From Unsustainable to Sustainable development • Urban problems related to energy • Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management • Resettlement and rahabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case Studies • Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. • Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies. • Wasteland reclamation. • Consumerism and waste products. • Environment Protection Act. • Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. • Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act. • Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act. • Water (Prevention Act. • Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. • Public awareness. (7 lectures)

Unit 7: Human Population and the Environment • Population growth, variation among nations. • Population explosion – Family Welfare Programme. • Environment and human health. • Human Rights. • Value Education. • HIV/AIDS. • Women and Child Welfare. • Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health. • Case Studies. (6 lectures)

Unit 8: Field work • Visit to a local area to document environmental assetsriver/forest/grassland/hill/mountain • Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural • Study of common plants, insects, birds. • Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes, etc. (Field work Equal to 5 lecture hours)